

INVASION OF CATERPILLARS

Foliage Pests Strike Certain Sections in Highly Destructive Swarms.

ARE EASILY EXTERMINATED.

Government Expert Gives a Recipe For Spray Which Kills The Hairy Worms.

Caterpillars in unusual number have made their appearance in sections of Hopkinsville and out in the country this year and are doing more than ordinary damage. Owners of shade trees in certain sections are reporting that some of their trees are "literally being eaten up."

This, it is said, need cause no great alarm, as it is stated in bulletins of the United States Department of Entomology that "at rather long and irregular intervals caterpillars have been excessively abundant in different parts of their range, but more particularly in the New England States." The variety commonly complained of is the tent caterpillar, which infests both fruit and shade trees and is conspicuous by the unsightly webs or nests in which it makes its home in trees.

SPARROW A DESTROYER.

In connection with the problem of the destruction of these caterpillars, credit is given the English sparrow by James Speed, editor of Farm and Family. The sparrow, commonly supposed to be not only worthless but a nuisance, is a bird, Mr. Speed states, that destroys unusual numbers of caterpillars. The blue jay also feeds on them. Most birds, it is stated, by a Government bulletin, do not feed on hairy larvae such as the caterpillar.

RELIEF METHODS.

One of the best ways to prevent the occupation of trees by the tent caterpillar is to prune off the egg masses in the spring before the leaves are out. The egg masses are readily conspicuous and with a little practice can easily be found. Trees sprayed before they leaf are rarely troubled with such insects, it is stated.

Having hatched, tent caterpillars are readily destroyed by the use of arsenicals such as Paris green. Says a bulletin of the Government Bureau, furnished by F. E. Merriman, Jefferson county farm expert:

"Any of the arsenical insecticides may be used, as Paris green, Scheele's green, arsenate of lead, etc. The first two are used at the rate of one pound to 150 or 200 gallons of water and the last at the rate of two pounds to fifty gallons of water, the milk of lime obtained by slaking two or three pounds of stone lime being added to neutralize any caustic effect of the arsenical on the foliage. Preferably, however, the poisons should be used in dilute lime-sulphur wash or Bordeaux mixture, thus effecting a combination treatment for insects and fungous diseases. On stone fruits, such as cherry, peach and plum, arsenicals are likely to cause injury to foliage and must be used with caution. On such trees the arsenate of lead is preferable to the arsenicals, as it is less injurious to foliage and on all trees sticks much better. In spraying for the tent caterpillar only applications should be made while the caterpillars are yet small, as these succumb more nearly full grown, and prompt treatment stops further defoliation of the trees."

How Tuberculosis Spreads.

Encouraging figures about the fight against the "white plague" were given at the recent Anti-Tuberculosis association meeting at Seattle. The death rate from this disease has been reduced in the past 33 years from 326 per 100,000, to 146. But as 143,000 people still die yearly from tuberculosis in this country, it is still an every present dread.

The one great difficulty is the persistence of the habit of spitting in the street. It is not a pleasant subject. The newspaper would much rather write about something cleaner and more thrilling than this toilsome crusade against a popular custom.

Feed Oats.

50c per bushel from thrasher. Will thresh in about ten days. R. H. RIVES, Phone 250-4.

PRINCESS

— TO-DAY —

Kalem girl detective series featuring Cleo Ridgeley, Robert Gray, Edward Clisbee.

"SCOTTY WEEB'S ALIBI"

In two acts. This is a thrilling episode complete of "Girl Detective Series" which is full of exciting moments from start to finish. To-day.

Lubin "Road O' Strife" series featuring Crane Wilbur, Mary Charleson.

"THE SACRIFICE"

In the chapter the action is fast and dramatically intense. Robert Dane badly wounded. This episode is full of thrilling incidents—To-day.

Vitagraph drama featuring Natalie De Lontan, George Stanley, Jack Morey.

"HILDA OF THE SLUMS"

She is a Martyr of most wretched environments. Her higher Aspirations are gratified through a chance of acquaintance and a most thrilling escape—To-day.

TO-MORROW

Vitagraph Blue Ribbon V-L-S-E feature in six acts.

"THE ISLAND OF REGENERATION"

Picturization of Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady's powerful novel of the same name. Featuring Edith Storey, Bonny Connelly, Antonia Mareno, S. Rankin Drew, Leo De Laney, Naomi Childers, Lillian Herbert, Logan Paul, Jack Brown. This is one of the greatest Vitagraph productions ever produced—To-morrow.

REX

— TO-DAY —

Biograph Special Feature in 2 acts. Featuring Edward Cecil, Hector V. Sarno, Jane Wolfe, Raymond Nye, Violet Reid and Vola Smith.

"BLACK SHEEP"

This is a high class society drama. There is a dissipated son, a scheming father, who marries for money, the wealthy ward the manly step son. This photoplay is full of thrilling incidents—Today.

Selig Special Feature in two acts. Featuring Stella Razeto, Guy Oliver and Fred Huntly.

"RETRIBUTION"

Gratitude causes final happiness and a drama of strong political chicanery the political power wielded by a Governor, the vengeance of a hunchback.—Today.

Tomorrow—Essanay Broadway feature in 3 acts. Featuring Richard C. Traver and Edna Mayo.

"VENGEANCE"

Produced in conjunction with the complete short stories in the June issue of the Ladies World. Tomorrow

More Early Ones.

H. P. Allen comes forward to share with A. W. Pyle the honor of gathering the first ripe tomatoes on June 24. Mr. Allen says he had two varieties to ripen that day, the Earliana and Beauty.

Lived When World Was Young.

The real reason why the patriarchs lived longer than we do now was because in those days the fount of humanity was fresher. While immunity to certain diseases has been handed down to us by our parents, we have also received the weakened vitality which was theirs as a result of their fight against disease. Sooner or later the race will become immune to tuberculosis, but with that immunity will come the diminished power as a result of mankind's long fight against the white plague.

According to British Law.

Should the eaves of a man's house project over his neighbor's land, the latter may pull them down at once, according to British law, unless they have so projected for twenty years.

A policeman who tried to restore order at a row during a baseball game at Norton, Va., was shot and killed by Mat Willis.

KENTUCKY POLITICAL NEWS

Leading Facts of the Past Week

McDERMOTT'S SPEAKINGS.

Paducah, Ky., June 26, 1915.—(Special Correspondence.)—Lieutenant Governor E. J. McDermott spoke here Thursday afternoon to about 250 people. There were present a number of Prohibitionists and Republicans, and several Stanley supporters, all of whom, regardless of their choice for Governor, honor and respect Mr. McDermott.

The address was characteristic of the speaker—eloquent and outspoken on the issues he deems paramount in Kentucky to-day.

As in his previous speeches, Mr. McDermott gave his reasons for opposing state-wide prohibition. He served in the Constitutional Convention and helped place in the constitution the provision that enables each county to be a self-governing unit, without interference from outside counties. In the last session of the legislature, when the present County Unit Law was passed making the constitutional provision fully effective, Mr. McDermott stood for the Jeffersonian fundamental democratic doctrine that people can govern themselves on such matters better than outsiders can govern them.

In this he agrees with his opponent, Mr. A. O. Stanley, that state-wide prohibition is not an effective temperance measure, but, on the contrary, would take away, without the consent of the governed, that most sacred right of a free people to regulate for themselves, within their own county, moral and social affairs, such as the license or prohibition of saloons. He maintains that whenever the people of a county, whose elected officers must enforce the law, if it is to be effective, want to abolish saloons, they can do so under the County Unit Law; and that that prohibition thus obtained will be exactly what the people want. If state-wide prohibition is forced upon the unwilling people of any county, neither will the officers they elect will obey or enforce the objectionable law. Such contempt of law is hurtful to the character of the citizenship, and tends to cause disrespect for other laws.

From Paducah, Mr. McDermott went to Marion, Sturgis and Morgantown, where he addressed rather small audiences, owing to the fact that farmers are busy with their crops.

NEWMAN WITHDRAWS FROM GOVERNOR'S RACE.

Frankfort, Ky., June 25, 1915.—(Special Correspondence.)—The withdrawal of Commissioner of Agriculture J. W. Newman from the race for Governor was somewhat of a surprise to many, although it was conceded that Harry McChesney, backed as he is by the Anti-Saloon League and General Percy Haley, had much the larger following among the "extra dries," as Mr. Newman expresses it. Evidently Mr. Newman realized that he could not make much headway as a state-wide candidate against the candidate selected by Dr. Palmer, the Anti-Saloon League superintendent, and O. K'd by Senator Beckham and General Haley.

Although Mr. Newman was the first candidate to announce for Governor on a state-wide prohibition platform, and had the endorsement of the W. C. T. U., the pioneer temperance organization of the state, the powers that were to direct the campaign did not look with favor on his candidacy. Mr. McChesney was selected as the standard bearer of the prohibitionists. His headquarters are busy, with a large force of clerks, and ample funds to make an aggressive campaign.

In his card of withdrawal Mr. Newman says he has canvassed and spoken in more than forty counties, and has concluded that there are only two candidates for Governor who are seriously considered in the race. Though he did not mention names, it is conceded that he meant Stanley and McChesney. Furthermore, he says the Democratic party is facing a crisis that may endanger its success, unless harmony is restored and all unite for victory in November, which he pledges himself to aid in accomplishing. The harmony and unanimity of the Republican platform convention at Lexington this month, at which they reaffirmed the County Unit Law, and declined to take any state-wide "in their," with Judge O'Rear and Dr. Bruner pledging their support to the Republican ticket, was a distinct warning that the Republicans are to be in the running this fall, ready and anxious to take advantage of any Democratic mistakes. They believe that a state-wide prohibition victory this fall, for that reason Mr. McChesney is the prime favorite of Republicans, from Ed Morrow, the sure-thing nominee for Governor, down to the boys in the trenches who hope to get jobs under a Republican administration.

Nevertheless, Mr. Newman declares, like the good Democrat he is, "The Democrats will continue in power in Kentucky, and indicate to the world that Kentucky is behind the National Democratic administration, and in line for the presidential election in 1916."

are enthusiastically behind the President in all his great policies. Mr. Newman is a Democrat of the truest type, and as Commissioner of Agriculture has accomplished greater results for the development of the farming interests of the state than all his predecessors combined. He is a tireless, fearless worker, and has done things worth while since he has been in office.

STANLEY SPEAKS TO RECORD. BREAKING CROWDS IN THE THIRD DISTRICT.

Franklin, Ky., June 26, 1915.—(Special Correspondence.)—Hon. A. O. Stanley finished the busiest week of his campaign to-day at this place, speaking to the largest crowd that has attended a political speaking in this county in years, estimated at 5,000 to 6,000. Enthusiasm was unbounded, and, to all appearance, Stanley men were the only kind of Democrats in Simpson county.

Mr. Stanley began the week's campaign at Glasgow, where a record-breaking attendance greeted him. It was the largest crowd that has been in Glasgow since the Civil War. Practically everybody seemed to be for Stanley.

From Glasgow, Mr. Stanley went to Edmononton, Metcalfe county; Brownsville, Edmononton county, and Scottsville, Allen county. Everywhere the attendance was larger than the court houses could accommodate, and windows and standing room were occupied by eager Democrats, notwithstanding the fact that the farmers are behind with their work and in the middle of their harvests.

The masterly appeals Mr. Stanley is making to the people to stand by President Wilson in his splendid leadership of the party is received most enthusiastically. It is apparent everywhere that the people want a business administration, with such a revision of the tax laws as will enable the state to pay off the \$2,000,000 state debt, without laying any heavier tax burden upon the farms, live stock and other tangible property that now pays the expense of government. Millions upon millions of property that escapes assessment and pays no taxes must be put upon the tax duplicate and made to pay its share of the taxes necessary to pay off the state debt, build good roads throughout the state, and improve the school system by having longer terms in the country and better paid teachers.

The County Unit Law, passed by the last legislature, meets the approval of the people. They do not want to experiment with state-wide prohibition, when under the County Unit system every county can vote out the saloons any time a majority of the people want to do so. The taxpayers do not want to destroy the \$100,000,000 of taxable property in the state that is paying nearly a million dollars a year in taxes, and place upon the farms, factories, live stock and other property, already too heavily taxed, that additional burden, which would be necessary if state-wide prohibition were adopted.

The slogan, "Stand by the President and the Democratic platforms, state and national, upon which the party has won its greatest victories," meets the hearty approval of the people.

MORROW ADDRESSES A BIG CROWD AT SHELBYVILLE.

Shelbyville, Ky., June 25, 1915.—(Special Correspondence.)—In the rock-ribbed Democratic stronghold of Shelby, the Hon. Edwin P. Morrow had a very large attendance to hear him speak last Tuesday evening. Democrats and Republicans, as well as many ladies, turned out to hear him. It was noted that, although Mr. Morrow spoke at night, he had a larger crowd than Mr. McChesney had a week before, on County Court day.

Ed Morrow, as he is familiarly called by everybody, is a most attractive speaker, and off the platform is the best hummer, and wears the happiest smile of any man in Kentucky, and if the Democrats make any serious mistake in choosing their candidate for governor, many a Democrat will hear Morrow's eloquent voice and feel the magnetic persuasion of his cordial hand when they go into the booth on November election day.

After the speaking, a number of Democrats, and ardent temperance men, met Mr. Morrow and told him that they agreed with him on the liquor question, believing that the County Unit law was all that is needed to banish the saloon from any county where a majority of the people are opposed to them. The recent wet and dry election in Shelby county proved to them that state-wide prohibition is not necessary, for they voted out saloons, and the county is now as dry as a powder horn. At the same time they do not want to destroy the vast distilling properties in the state that pay nearly a million dollars in taxes, for if they do, they will know that other property, already heavily taxed, will have to take up that burden in addition to what they now carry, and that without accomplishing anything for real temperance.

With a state treasury already over two million dollars in debt, the taxpayers do not fancy adding another million on account of state-wide prohibition, for they know they will have the whole thing to pay in the end, while the office seekers who are riding the prohibition issue can take it easy. The bankrupt neighboring states of West Virginia and Tennessee, each with a debt of twelve million dollars and state-wide prohibition, are warning danger signals to thoughtful people.

JAMES P. EDWARDS ANNOUNCES FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

Louisville, Ky., June 28, 1915.—(Special Correspondence.)—Hon. James P. Edwards, of Jefferson County, one of the most prominent lawyers in the state, has announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for Lieutenant Governor. His platform is, briefly, better schools, improved public highways, economy in state affairs, abolishment of unnecessary expensive offices, revision of tax laws so as to relieve overtaxed properties and taxation of such property as now avoids taxation, favors the present County Unit Law for regulation of the liquor traffic as passed by the legislature in compliance with the Democratic platform of 1911, which is the fundamental law of the party, and opposes State-wide prohibition as unnecessary as a temperance measure, a menace to the overburdened taxpayers, and contrary to both the National and State platforms of the party.

Mr. Edwards was a candidate for Lieutenant Governor in 1911, and was defeated by Mr. Edward J. McDermott, the present Lieutenant Governor, now a candidate for Governor, by a plurality of 1,562 votes in the State, though Mr. Edwards carried Jefferson County over Mr. McDermott by over 5,000.

Judge Edwards is a giant physically, being several inches over six feet tall, is a forceful public speaker, a man always with the courage of his convictions, and loyal to his sense of duty in both private and public life.

McCHESNEY IN THE MOUNTAINS.

Middlesboro, Ky., June 26, 1915.—(Special Correspondence.)—H. V. McChesney, state-wide prohibition candidate for the Democratic nomination for governor, has been speaking in the mountain counties this week.

At Middlesboro there were present forty white men, ten ladies, and three negroes. At London, Williamsburg and Corbin, Republicans and Democrats are on equal numbers, and a few ladies, heard him attentively. Republicans generally, who are taking any interest in state politics, think well of Mr. McChesney as a Democratic candidate.

Advertisement.

Russia May Come Back.

With the Russian Emperor on the Galician front, a new Minister of War, Gen. Polivanoff, in charge of Russian military affairs and the Grand Duke's lines still intact, there is a general expectation that the Russian forces will yet oppose strong resistance to the Austro-Germans, whose sweep along the south-eastern part of Galicia still continues.

Italy To Fight Turkey.

The French Ministry of War reports that Italy has broken off diplomatic relations with Turkey and that Italy will send troops to the Dardanelles. But official confirmation of this from Rome is lacking. Further advances into Austrian territory have been made south of Riva.

For Rent Sept. 1st.

Cottage on West 17th street, bath and electric lights. CHAS. M. MEACHAM.

OVATION IN TODD

Stanley Greeted By Two Great Crowds At Elkton and Trenton.

IN CALDWELL YESTERDAY.

And Speaker Will Make Other Speeches In First District.

Tuesday a large number of the personal friends and political supporters of Hon. A. O. Stanley, candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor, went over to Elkton, where he spoke. In the party were Joe E. Moseley, David Smith, Sheriff Jewell Smith, George McGee, Dr. Isbell, Otis Rhea, Earnest Coleman, V. E. Barnes, Tom McReynolds, Lee Gore, Lowe Johnson, T. H. Lee and Clinton Drake. They drove through in automobiles.

At Elkton Mr. Stanley spoke at the Opera House, which was packed with people. At 7:30 another speech was made at Trenton, and the local delegation accompanied the candidate there.

In Trenton Mr. Stanley spoke from a platform that had been erected on the street. The streets were crowded and great demonstrations were given the speaker.

Mr. Stanley spent Tuesday night here and left on an early train for Princeton. He spoke there yesterday and at Fredonia last night.

Almost a Tragedy.

The big auto truck of the Keach Company, driven by a young man named Sneed, got beyond his control on Ninth street at 4 p. m., yesterday and plunged across the pavement against the glass front of Day & Hord's barbershop breaking one glass. A little boy named Gus Green narrowly missed being crushed, but escaped with a mashed thumb. A small tree in the side walk was knocked down.

As to Argument.

Argument is generally waste of time and trouble. It is better to present one's opinion and leave it to stick or not as it may happen. If sound, it will probably in the end stick, and the sticking is the main thing.—Samuel Butler.

Edwin Danforth, of the Lexington Leader, is visiting his father.

Misa Margaret Foulks, of Nashville, is visiting Mr. E. L. Foulks.

CLARK'S BIG MARKET HOUSE

SALT—5 car loads of Ohio River in 5 and 7 bushels, bright new Cooperage. We want to sell you your Salt.

MEAT—Smoked and Dry Salt Sides, Smoked and Dry Salt Butts, Fat Backs and Heavy and Fancy Breakfast Bacon, Country Shoulders.

SUGAR—Prices are higher and we offer for this week 100 pounds Standard Granulated Sugar for Cash \$6.50

ICE TEA—We have the kind you want, and also ten different styles of Ice Tea Glasses.

CUT GLASS TUMBLERS—Ladies, we have about 7 styles of extra fancy thin Cut Glass Tumblers, dainty patterns, for 10c each. Tin, Granite, Aluminumware, and also fancy and plain China, Cut Glass.

SCHOOL BOOKS—No trouble this year, we have received our entire shipments and also Ink, Tablets, School Bags, Satchels and Baskets.

We want to please you and want your business.

C. R. CLARK & CO. INCORPORATED. Wholesale and Retail Grocers.